NUMBER 409.

WASHINGTON: FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 16, 1852.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH. PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,

(EXCEPT SUNDAY,) On Pennsylvania avenue, between 41/2 and 6th streets, south side. WASHINGTON, D. C.,

BY CONNOLLY & SMITH.

To subscribers served by the carriers, the paper will be furnished regularly for ten cents per week, payable weekly. For mail subscribers, \$5 a year; \$2 50 for six months; \$1 25 for three months; 50 cents a month. No paper mailed unless paid for in advance.

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THE ENGLISH VERMIN-DESTROYER,



And all kinds of Bugs and Worms. Tills article, being in a liquid form, can be easily applied to Bedsteads, or wherever it is required, with a feather or brush, leaving no disagreeable smell whatever in the rooms—which renders this article more desirable in use, as

or brust, which renders this article more usually well as superior to any other.

Wainscots, Bedstads, Fire-places, de., anointed with this article, will ever after be eleansed of Bugs or Worms, as it is so strong and poisonous to these noxious animals as to cause them to fall dead from Bedstads, &c., when running over parts where this Liquid has once been applied. This is also one of the best articles ever introduced into this interest of destroying

WORMS AND INSECTS ON TREES. and will retain its strength longer than any other prepara-

on of the kind.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

For sale only at

WIMER'S Cheap Cash Stationery Store,

6th st., near Louisiana avenue, sole Agency for Washington City

B.—None genuine without the written signature of MELIN & FARRENOTHER (sole proprietors for the United State Label)

DENJ. B. GRAY'S PILE OINTMENT—
AN INFALIRE CURE. If afflicted, try it, and cease to
suffer. For sale by
'june 9—
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ST. LOUIS BONDS WANTED, at the BANK OF THE UNION, Browns' Marble Building

General Banking and Exchange Business. COPARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public that they have entered into copartnership for the transaction of a general Exchange and Banking business in the city of Washington, under the firm of—
SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.

All business entrusted to them will be attended to with promptness and fidelity.

WILLIAM SELDEN,

Late Treasurer of the United States

JOHN WITHERS.

WILLIAM SELDEN,
Late Treasurer of the United States
JOHN WITHERS,
Of Alexandria, Virginia.
R. W. LATHAM,
Of the city of Washington.
L. P. BAYNE,
Of Baltimore, Maryland.

" For shelter and shade, too,

As the sunshine or rain may prevail." THE SUBSCRIBEIT wishes to call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity to his assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols, consisting of green and blue Ture Satin, riven and blue watered, bordered Silk do, lined do. Likewise a general assortment of Umbrellas. A good assortment of materials suitable for every description of repairs. Repairs promptly done in the best manner. Pinking of Ruffles, Scarfs, Aprons, &c., in the best manner, at short notice.

DANIEL PIERCE, South side of Penna, avenue, near 13th street,

South side of Penna. avenue, near 13th street, may 11—cotf] sign of several Umbrellas

DEMORSE'S INVICORATING CORDIAL

TOR GENITAL PEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, INCONTANENCE, OR NOCTURNAL EMISSIONS, &c.—The astonishing success which has attended this invaluable medicine, for Loss of Muscular Emergy, Physical Lassitude, and General Prostration, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, or indulgence of the passion in riper years, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered. In fact, as a remedy for the above complaints, it stands unrivalled and alone. There is no other reliable remedy, or any that has authentically received the sanction of the Medical Faculty. The WONDERIFUL VEGETABLE PRODUCTION of which this medicine is composed has been tested, and its virtues proclaimed, by the highest names of the faculty of London, Paris, and the chief cities of Europe, as well as by eminent Physicians in this country. It is the only infallible remedy for NERVOUS, HEAD, and MIND COMPLAINTS—the mental physic so long sought for and never before found—the only agent that can administer to MIND DISEASES. It will remove all nervous affections. DEPRESSION, EXCITEMENT, incapacity to study or business, loss of MEMORY, CONFUSION, thoughts of self-destruction, fear of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual Excesses or evil practices. It has been said by some that these disorders, emissions, &c., were incurable. This, however, is not the fact.

DR. MORSE'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL has cured, and is constantly curing, these complaints—relieving the mental and bodily incapacity of the unfortunate sufferer, as

is constantly curing, these complaints—relieving the testimony of the names received will conclu

Woodward, of -, Massachusetts Insane Hospital Dr. Woodward, of —, allowed being cured by using this Cordial thus: "It gives me pleasure to inform you that one of may patients, while in Boston, procured some of your Cordial. He tells me that he has not had a single emission writes of one of his patients being curse by using this condial thus: "It gives me pleasure to inform you that one of
my patients, while in Boston, procured some of your Cordial. He tells me that he has not had a single emission
since he commenced taking it, while before he had two or
three a week. When he applied to me," says Dr. W., "I
thought it hardly possible for him ever to regain his full
strength. I prescribed the usual medicine used in those
cases in the hospital, but they had no effect. In the mean
time he purchased some of your Cordial, which has effected
a cure I am sure no other medicine would. I shall ever
recommend it, whenever an opportunity occurs."

The nature of the maladies relieved by this Cordial argenerally such as to leave the publication of certificates of
cures out of the question. The proprietor could produce a
host of the most conclusive testimony to show that the great
reputation it enjoys was not accidentially obtained, but is
firmly based upon its positive and apparently miraculous
virtues. In all directions are to be found the happy parents
of healthy offsprings, who would not have been so but for
this extraordinary preparation. And it is equally potent
for many diseases for which it is recommended.

THE MEDICAL JOURNALS
have not, in a single instance that has been authenticated,
given their sanction to any other preparation for the above
complaints. It has, in many violent and desperate cases,
effected radical cures, after patients had been abundened,
and their condition pronounced hopeless by medical practitioners of high professional character.

THE COMMON EXPRESSION

of those who have used this Extract is: "I had heard your
Cordial highly spoken of, but was one of the incredulous in
regard to its merits, having tried various medicines sold for
the same purpose, different Sarssparillas, without deriving
any benefit. I had almost given up all hope of obtaining
relief, when I purchased some of your Cordial. I had no
faith whatever of its benefiting me—but it has. I feed

Another says: "I had consulted several distinguished physicians. Some said I could not be cured; others prescribed this thing and that; but I found no relief until I procured some of your Cordial. I must say it completely cured me."

nother says: "I was surprised at the effect your Cordial Why had I not heard of it before? It would have d me so much expense, besides years of mental and by suffering."

bodily suffering."

CAUTION.—Ask for Dr. Morse's Cordial, and take no other, as there are worthless imitations which its unrivalled excellence, fame, and popularity have brought into the market. It will not hurt the most delicate female, but degood. Beware of all other Cordials, &c., and try only this.

It is put up in pint bottles, with the words Dr. MORSE'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL blown on the glass. Price \$3 per bottle; two bottles, \$5; six bottles, \$12; and \$24 per losses.

N. B.—Important selvice accompanying each bottle.

Prepared by M. Morse, New York city—principal office 192 Broadway.

Sold by Z. D. Gilman, Druggist, wholesale and retail, and only agent for the District.

june 1—eoly

UTHERAN HYMNS .- A beautiful as-Sortment just received at
A. GRAY'S Bookstore,
may 10—tr. 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall.

That he has discovered the most certain, speedy and efficacious plan of treating
SECRET DISEASES
that has ever yet been presented to the world. By his plan,
founded on observation made in the Hospitals of Europe
and America, he will insure
ACURE IN TWO DAYS,
OR NO CHARGE.

A CURE IN TWO DAYS,
on No CHARGE.

No Mercury or Nausons Drugs used.
Weakness, Loss of Organic Powers, Pains in the Loins,
Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose
and Skin, Constitutional Debility, and all those horrix affections arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, that solitary practice, more fatal to its victims than the song of the
Syrens to the mariners of Ulysses—blighting their most
brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering Marriage, etc.,
impossible.

A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE. Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which au-

reacting rice, that dreading and destructive maps which amounting years thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Serastes with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARKIAGE.

may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

Office, No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Maryland, on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, seven doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when saleep, great nervousness, heing alaxmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that sceret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for

ther business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced These are some of the sail and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dinness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Iritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c., &c.

Mentally.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion of Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion of Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Weakness of the system, Nervous Debility and premature decay generally arise from the destructive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its Victims, from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and Guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, derangement of the Nervous System, Cough, and Symptoms of Consumption; also those serious Mental effects, such as loss of Memory, Depression of Spirits, or peculiar fits of Melancholy, when the truth is, they have been caused by indulging in Pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both Body and Mind. Thus are swept from existence thousands who might have been of use to their Country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to Society.

DR. JOHNSTON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilisted individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the Nervous System, the whole faculities become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an emaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion! Such persons, before contemplating

MARIAGE,
should reflect that a sound mind and bedy are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed,
without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind
becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but
apply immediately.

ed with our own. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

To STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations perfermed by Dr. J., witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient quarality that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable obysician.

TAKE NOTICE.

physican.

TAKE NOTICE.

It is with the greatest reluctance that Dr. Johnston permits his card to appear before the public, deeming it unprofessional for a physician to advertise; but unless he did so, the afflicted, especially strangers, could not fall to fall into the hands of those imprudent, boasting impostors—individuals destitute of knowledge, name, and character—pedlars, thosemakers, mechanics, &c., advertising themselves as physical strangers. shoemakers, mechanics, &c., advertising themselves as physicians; ignorant quacks, who keep you trifling month after mouth, as long as possible, and in despair leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment. It is this motive alone that induces Dr. J. to advertice, for healone can cure you. To those unacquainted with his reputation he deems it necessary to say, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his Office.

Weakness of the Organs immediately cured, and full given restored.

cigor restored.

**** ALL LETTERS POST-PAID—REMEDIES SENT BY MAIL. mar 5—1y





BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S Outfitting Establishment!

WALL & STEPHENS, Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, next door east of

f the largest and most complete as ortments of BOYS' AND CHILD REN'S CLOTHING to be found in this part of the country, comprising every article of Boys' wear necessary for a complete outfit, such as-Cents, Handkerchiels-Jackets, Boots, Vests, Shees, Pants, Hats, Shirts, Cape,

Cape, Belts, &c., &c Socks, Ac., Ac.

Citizens and strangers are invited to call and examine our stock before making their elections, as we feel assured that we can offer the best feel assured that we can do not be more may 15—tf

FOR RENT-A handsome new three-story Brick House, on 12th street, (Island,) containing eleven rooms and a large hall. Rent, \$300; and possession given in a few days.

JOHN L. SMITH

SHAVING-BOXES VERY CHEAP!

THE above article can be purchased at Wines's for 62, cents; or fitted out with a Tally-he Razor, Shaving Brush, Toothbrush, and Soap, for \$1.25; Cheap Cach Stationery Store, 4—tr Sixth street, near Louisiana avenue.

TALLY-HO RAZORS-WARRANTED.

I F there is such a thing as luxury in a shave, these cole brated Sheffield Razors, and Bazin's popular SHAVING CREAM, (both of which can be had at Wimer's for 50 cents, entribute largely to such a result. Call at the
Cheap Cash Stationery Store, Sixth street,
may 27—tr near Louisiana avenue

JOHN L. SMITH. ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND COUNTY MAGISTRATE.

Office, Eighth street, opposite the market-house, when he may be found at all times. [feb 3-WM. NOURSE

Banking House

PAIRO & NOURSE. Land Warrants bought and sold. Land Warrants wanted.

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law, 65 Fayette street, Baltimore, Md.,

PRACTISES in the various courts of Baltimore. Promp attention given to Collecting. He refers to— Hon. S. U. Downs, Senator from Louisiana.
Hon. G. W. Jones, do. Iowa.
T. C. Connolly, esq., Editor American Telegraph.
Dr. John O Wharton, Baltimore, Md.

DR. HARRIS'S INFIRMARY,
NO. 31. SOUTH GAY STREET,
BETWEEN SECOND AND LOMBARD STREETS.
FOR A SAFE AND SPEEDY CURE EFFECTED, OR NO Over twenty years' experience in the treatment of all forms of PRIVATE DISEASES enables Dr. Harris to insure a sound and speedy cure in any of these complaints. His remedies are free from disgusting oils, balsam, poisonous compounds of mercury, and injurious drugs, which so often lead to exposure, rendering the unhappy sufferer an invalid for life.

THIS INFIRMARY, THIS INFIRMARY, celebrated throughout the Union for the effectual cure of all classes of Secret Diseases in the shortest time over accomplished by proper and safe remedies, was established in this city over thirteen years ago, as a farcest from Quackery. No public notice of this Institution would be required were it, not for the number of strangers in a large city exposed to Information from the alluring bests of Mock Degroes, who will promise anything to entice strangers to the warren supplications.

WHITED SEPULCHERS.
ENFEEBLED MANHOOD ENFLEDIED MANHOUD

may here find a certain restorative. The remedies of Dr. Harms in renovating the MENTAL AND PRINSICAL POWERS, and removing all ORGANIC DISABILITY, with other evils, entailed by a certain Secret Habit, are innocent in action, certain in effect, and unsurpassed by any discovery of the age.

TO FEMALES.

TO FEMALES.

Dr. II. has given particular attention to female discases. His experience enables him to relieve safely and spergilly all tregularities, Noveous Devangement, Constitutional Wealsness, General Debility, &c. Prompt attention given to letters, and treatment marked with skill and delicacy. Communications sacredly invitate.

Distant persons cured at home, by addressing DR. GORDON HARRIS, Ealtimore, (letters post-paid.) Medicine sent in any direction by mail.

may 27—1y

Office of the General Insurance Agency.

Located on Seventh street, between D and E, nearly opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall,

WHERE Policies will be granted on Life, Health, Fire, and Marine Risks, in the following companies, viz:

AMERICAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, or New Haven, Connecticut. Capital over \$100,000. Rates of premium reduced 25 per cent. Payable in cash annually, semi-annually, and quarterly. Lives of slaves insured at the same rate as others. Benjamin Shiman, President; Benjamin Noves, Secretary.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COM-WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COM-PANY, or GANYILLE, NEW YORK—the largest and rafest mutual insurance company in the world. Capital \$936,986, and over 110,000 members, designed for farm property and detached dwelling-houses, which will be insured at one-seventh of the rates usually charged by stock companies. 8.8. Cower, President; A. Bishor, Secretary.

COLUMBIAN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF AMSTERBAM UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, OF FORT PLAIN, NEW

YORK. Capital, \$173,000, besides a large surplus cash fund. Insures under the new system on the stock or mutual plan. PETER J. WAGNER, President; JOSIAR COOK, Secretary. **Since the above agencies have been established, ave insured over \$4,000,000 of property, and paid eigh sees, to the full satisfaction of the claimants, in curren ands. Gentlemen having property uniquested.

runds. Gentlemen having property uninsured are respectfully invited to call at this office, where ample reference and full explanations will be cheerfully given.

Agencies granted by JAMES T. CLOSE, General Agent for the States of Virginia and mar 9—11m Maryland, and Dist. of Columbia.



For the rapid Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTION.

TO CURE A COLD, WITH HEADACHE AND SORENESS OF THE BODY, take the CHERRY PECTORAL on going to bed, and wrap up warm, to sweat during the night.

FOR A COLD AND COUGH, take it morning, noon, and evening, according to directions on the bottle, and the difficulty will soon be removed. None will long suffer from this trouble when they find it can be so readily cured. Persons afflicted with a seated cough, which breaks them of their rest at night, will find, by taking the CHERRY PECTORAL on going to bed, they may be sure of round, unbroken sleep, and consequently refreshing rest. Great relief from suffering, and an ultimate cure, is afforded to thousands who are thus afflicted, by this invaluable remedy.

From its agreeable effect in these cases, many find themselves unwilling to forego its use when the necessity for it has ceased.

From two eminent Physicians in
FARETRYLLE, TENN.: April 16, 1851.
Siz: We have given your CHERRY PECTORAL an extensiviral in our practice, and find it to surpass every other really we have for curing affections of the respiratory organs.
DRS. DIEMER & HAMPTON. TO SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS this remedy is invaluable, as by its action on the throat and lungs, when taken in small quantities, it removes all hoarseness in a few hours, and wonderfully increases the power and flexibility

cured, by CHERIT PETORAL; but there are some cases so obstinate as to yield entirely to no medicine. CHERIT PETORAL will cure them, if they can be cured. BRONCHITIS, or irritation of the throat and upper por-tion of the lungs, may be cured by taking CHERIT PETORAL in small and frequent doses. The uncomfortable oppression

smail one requirements as one release.

Rev. Doctor LANSING, of Brooklyn, New York, states:

"I have seen the CHERRY PETORAL cure such cases a silma and Bronchitis as lead me to believe it can rare!

It to cure those diseases."

ill to cure those diseases."

FOR CROUP.—Give an emetic of antinuony, to be followed y large and frequent doses of the CHERRY PECTORAL, until it abdues the disease. If taken in season, it will not fail to

WHOOPING-OUGH may be broken up and soon cared by the use of Cherry Pettorial.

THE INFLUENZA is specifily removed by this remove. Numerous instances have been noticed where whole families are protected from any serious consequences, while their neighbors, without the Cherry Pettorial, were suffering from the disease.

Salry, One, 11th June, 1851. SALEM, OHIO, 11th June, 1851.

Doctor J. C. Ayes: I write to inform you of the truly remarkable effects of your CHERRY PECTORA A in this place
and in my own family. One of my daughters was conbletely cured in three days of a decadful Wincorno-Coron
by taking it. Dr. Means, one of our very best physicians
freely states that he considers it the best remedy we have fo pulmonary diseases, and that he has cured more cases o Coope with it than any other medicine he ever administered Our elergyman of the Baptist church says that durin
the run of INFLUENZA here this season, he has seen cure from your medicine he could correctly have believed withou seeing.

Yours, respectfully.

J. D. SINCLAIR, Deputy Festmaster.

Prom the distinguished Professor of Chemistry and Materia Molecu, Bondon College.

I have found the Cherry Provonal, as its ingredients show powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonar parker CLEVELAND, M. D. BRUNSWICK, ME. February 5, 1847

DR. VALENTINE MOTT, The undely-elebrated Professor of Surgery in the Malic College, New York city, says:

"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and efficacy Ayer's Cherry Pederal, which I consider peculiarly scape o cure diseases of the Throat and Lungs." For Cures of severe diseases upon the Laungs have b ### Cures of severe diseases upon the Laungs have been effected by Chenny Peronal in such extreme cases as warrant the belief that a remedy has at length been found that can be depended on to cure the Coughs, Colds, and Consumption which carry from our mists thousands every year. It is indeed a medicine to which the afflicted can look with confidence for relief, and they should not fail to avail themselves of it.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, Chemist, Lowell, Mass. Sold at the Drug Stores of Mesers, GILMAN, STOTT, and PATTERSON, in Washington, and by all druggists everywhere.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE:

THE subscriber has five of the handsomest building lo
in the city of Washington for sale. They are lecate
on 12th street, (Island,) in the immediate vicinity of if
smithsonian building. He has three fine lots on the o
Poor-house square. Also a corner lot on 13½ and D street
(Island.) All of which will be sold low, if immediate app
cation be made.

JOHN J. SMITH,
mar 26—tf Justice of the Peace, 8th street.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, Penna. avenue, between 3d and 41/2 Sts., Washington, D. C. W. BROWNING, Proprietor.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH.

When John was about thirteen years old, he left his paternal roof, in the north of New Jersey, and went to Philadelphia to learn a trade He entered as an apprentice with his brother, a coachmaker in the northern part of the city On a certain occasion he was sent to a drug store for a half gallon of oil. He had frequently been sent on a similar errand, and had been accustomed to pay 25 cents for the oil. But it happened that oil had fallen, and the price was now only 20 cents, of which, however, he was not informed. He had taken with him, to pay for the oil, a one-dollar note; and having obtainod the article, he presented the note, and re-ceived in change—not as he expected, three quarters of a dollar, but four pistarcens, of the value of 20 cents. John, who was ignorant of their value, supposed they were quarters of a dollar, and that the druggist had given him

four instead of three. He had been taught, when a child, to be honest. He knew that he ought to do to others as he would have others do to him; and that it cheat in any other way. His first impulse, therefore, was to return one of the pieces to the man; but before he had time to carry out his feelings into practice, Satan and the evil in his own heart tempted him; the thought occurred that he would give three of them to his brother as the right change, and keep the fourth for himself. He closed his hand upon the money, took up his jug, and left the store.

The jug in which he carried the oil had no handle, and he had to carry it by a string tied around its neck. This so cut his fingers, that after changing it from one hand to the other several times, he was compelled to stop at the distance of a square and rest, which he did at the first and the second corner, doubting each time whether to go on or turn back with the

The next corner brought John a third time to a stand. Rest relieved the smartings of his The Battle of the Bridge-He Vanquishes the Guerhands, but the cuttings of his conscience were not so easily prevented. He meditated some minutes. Conscience now became urgent in its demands. But he was ashamed to go back. He wished he had obeyed his first honest impulse. He felt very unhappy, but he must not delay. He had already been a good while about his errand. He took up his jug. He was undecided whether to go forward or to return. He stood

one moment, and determined——to go back.

It was a hard task to trudge back three long squares with a heavy jug without a handle; and more than once he had almost determined to give up his honest resolution. But he persevered, reached the store, and sat down his load "You have given me too much change," said he, presenting the four pistarcens to Mr. W—; you have given me four quarter dollars instead of three.

"You have your right change," said Mr. W-; "the oil is 20 cents, and those four pieces W—;"the oil is 20 cents, and those four pieces are not quarter dollars; they are twenty-cent pieces. Here is a quarter," continued the be-elsewhere, we take the following description from nevolent store-keeper, taking one from his drawer, "which I will give you. You can notice the difference between them as you go home; and let me advise you always to deal as nonestly as you have to-day."

Who can imagine the feelings of the boy when he saw the true state of the matter, and knew in an instant that had he persevered in his sinful project, he must, from the very nature of the circumstances, have been discovered! 'Had I carried out my first intentions," said he to me, when he related the anecdote, "I they had occupied!! The Mexican force, as they should have handed my brother three of the said afterwards, consisted of five hundred men. pistareens. He would of course have asked for Had they possessed courage and skill in the use of he balance, and I should have been driven to arms, our loss must have been very great." falsehood to my crime, by saving that was all he gave me. In all probability I should have been detected, and sent back to my father in disgrace. It would have stamped my character with dishonesty, from which I might never have recovered." As it was, he picked up his jug, and with a light heart and rapid step proeeded up the street. He was so rejoiced at the happy result, and so thankful for his preservation, that he set out on a run, and did not feel the string out his fingers. During thirtyfive years that he lived after this event, he never forgot the lesson it taught him ; he became a most excellent man and a true Christian, and thoughout his life, in private business and in public office, ever acted under the firm conviction that "honesty is the best policy."

Locust Lane, 1852. The Little Chip-Gatherer.

Will you please give me a drink of water !

zens, on a warm day. It was mid-day, and the weather was exceed ngly warm. The door opened near the diningroom, and the dinner had just been placed

upon the table. Come in, my little fellow," said the gentle man of the house, while he waited. "I thank you, sir, but I have some chips here

and wouldn't like to leave them." Bring them into the entry and come in

Have you dined ?" "No. sir," said he, timidly, "nor I didn't have my breakfast. Mother is sick, and I have been tending her to-day. I have now just got some chips to make a fire with, and shall go home

to make her some soup." "Soup! Then you are a cook, too, ch?" "Yes, sir, I got some cold meat last night, and it will make her a good soup."

"Come, my boy, sit down first and eat good dinner with us-you will feel better." The boy laid his slouched hat in a corner, and, after some coaxing, seated himself and ate heartily. He said but little, and rose to go.

"I am very thankful, sir," said he, and a tear stood in the little fellow's eye—I wish I could pay you," he stammered, "but I am very poor and haven't got anything." He brushed he drop from his cheek, and turned to take get-I have got two baskets of good clean chips nere, and if you will take one of them I shall be very glad; I can get another. You have been very kind to me, and they will be so handy said he, turning to the lady, "for you to kindle your fire with. Shall I leave them?

"No, my good boy; keep them, and take this too," said the gentleman, as he handed him some change. "When you are in need, come some change. to me again.

The poor little fellow seemed almost alarm ed at this—but with many thanks he departed for the dwelling of his sick mother.

"Beneath that ragged coat. There throbs a faithful heart.

We learn from the Intelligencer that there is a plan on foot to establish in this city a Mechanics' Institute.

[From the Baitimore Patriot.] The Military Services of Gen. Franklin Pierce. PREFACE.

We propose to write the military history of the Democratic nominee for the Presidency. It is due to this gentleman that his history should be written, for the reason that his gallant achieve ments are familiar to so very few of his fellow-

In preparing this history, we have found the incidents so numerous and important, that it became necessary to divide the work into separate chapters. The propriety of this arrangement

considered fabulous, (like those of Homer's heroes, unless proven by the most conclusive evi-

After the battle of Churubusco, General Pierce laid aside the sword for the pen, and, after the example of Julius Cæsar, proceeded to write a regular commentary upon his Mexican campaign This interesting work is written in the form of an epistle to a friend, and will be found publishwas as dishonest to take advantage of another's an epistle to a friend, and will be found publish-mistake to take what was not his own, as to ed in Niles' Register of the 2d of October, 1847. We may take the liberty of making one or two quotations from this autobiography. With these exceptions, all of our quotations will be from official despatches.

CHAPTER I.

He becomes a General, and sails for Vera Cruz. In the early part of the year 1847, Franklin Pierce was a practising lawyer, and a true and faithful Democrat, of the State of New Hampshire. Becoming suddenly inflamed with patriotism and ambition for military glory, and his feelings upon the subject being known to his personal friend, President Polk, a commission was signed on the 3d of March, 1847, by virtue of which Mr. Pierce found himself suddenly converted into Brigadier General Pierce, of the United States Army. Soon afterwards he left his law office, and sailed for Vera Cruz, where he safely arrived about the month of June, 1847.

CHAPTER II.

rillas. After remaining at Vera Cruz for a few weeks, it became the duty of Gen. Pierce to conduct reinforcements and supplies to the army of Gen. Scott, then at Puebla. It must be remembered here that Vera Cruz had been taken and the battle of Cerro Gordo fought, before the arrival

of Gen. Pierce in Mexico. Our hero marched from Vera Cruz on the 10th of July, 1847, with 2,500 troops under his immediate command. Now it so happened, that in order to reach Puebla it was necessary to pass the National Bridge. This was a very fortunate circumstance for our New Hampshire hero, because he thus obtained an opportunity of showing to his country and the world that his friend, the President, had not placed too high an estimate on his military talents.

On reaching the bridge our hero found his march opposed by about five hundred presumptuous Mexicans, commonly known as guerrillas

Gen. Pierce's letter: "I soon discovered that there was no way in which his position could be turned, and that my artillery was ineffective from the most commanding point where it could be placed. I determined, of course, to cross under the plunging fire of the enemy's escopetas. My order to advance was admirably executed. * * * Our men leaped the barricade, followed by Captain Duperu's company of cavalry, and in less than ten minutes the enemy were in flight in every direction, and the American flag waved upon the high bluff which

- The steamer Pacific, with the mails of May 9, It thus appears that Gen. Pier 2,500 men, actually defeated 500 Mexicans, and that the victory was won in "less than ten min-utes!" True, the Mexicans possessed neither 'courage nor skill." But this proves that they were those terrible warriors known as guerrillas Hence no comparison can be instituted between this battle and those of Generals Taylor and Scott. The former, at Palo Alto and Buena Vista. defeated three and four times his numbers; and Gen. Scott, at Churubusco, with nine thousand men, defeated thirty thousand Mexicans. But it must be remembered that these generals fought against the regulars, or disciplined troops Mexico, while Gen. Pierce fought against querril-

las. Thus every one will understand the superiority of his achievement. It may be said that his army was five times as large a that of the enemy. But this was only a further disadvantage-because, being the larger body, it was so much more easily struck by the shot of the enemy, just as in the case of a very large and a

very small man fighting a duel. This was the only engagement where our hero was first in command. But it is enough. Nothing in the whole history of the Mexican war can equal the splendor of this achievement. We can account for the subsequent series of mishaps which befel Gen. Pierce upon the theory that it was never designed by Providence that any one

man should have too much glory.

CHAPTER III. Battle of Contreras-A stumbling horse. Soon after the battle of the bridge, our hero joined Gen. Scott at Puebla. The whole army marched in a few days for the city of Mexico. But, before reaching that destination, hard fight ing was to be done. On the fields of Contreras Churubusco, San Antonio, Molino del Rey, und Chepultepec, a harvest of imperishable laurels was gathered by the officers and soldiers of that gallant army. Let us see what was done by our brave Brigadier on these memorable occasions.

The first battle was that of Contreras, on the 19th of August. Gen. Pierce was in that battle, but only for a part of the time, for here was the beginning of his bad luck. Read the following attitude. The steamer Quiskstep had joined has account, taken from his own letter :

" My horse, at full speed, on the evening of th 19th, when leading my brigade through a perfect from Lima. The United States ship Portsmouth shower of round shot and shells, fell under me upon a ledge of rocks, by which I sustained a severe injury by the shock and bruises, but espehis hat; but a smile played on his lips as he glanced at the chips, and added: "O-1 for-came under him. At first I was not concious of orders from the Commodore. any serious injury, but soon became exceedingly

CHAPTER IV.

Battle of Churubusco-The General faints.
On the next day was fought the battle of Chur ubusco. Having obtained another horse, our hero was about to go into this battle, when he was prevented by an unavoidable accident, which is pentioned in the following extracts from official Brigadier Gen. Pierce, from the hurt of the

evening before—under pain and exhaustion—
fainted in the action."—(Gen. Scott's despatch of August 28th, 1847.) General Pillow (in his despatch of August 24, 1847) states that Gen. Pierce fainted at the battle of Churubusco "a few moments before his

brigade came into action." Brigadier Gen. Pierce, though still suffering severely from his injury of the preceding day, started for the Montreal sufferers.

had nevertheless been on duty, and in con of his brigade during the day, and unit moments before, when he had fainted and exhaustion, and been carried f (Pillow's despatch.)

Battle of Molino del Rey-The Gen little too late.

The next battle was that of Molina del Rey fought on the 8th of September, 1847. Clemeral Pierce was very near being in that battle.

"The enemy having several times reinforced his line, and the action soon becoming much came necessary to divide the work into separate chapters. The propriety of this arrangement will be apparent to every reader.

We have been very careful to refer to official documents for the evidence of the facts which we narrate. This has been considered the more necessary, because the exploits of our hero are so wonderful in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in their nature, that they might be swingled the ground in the swingled the ground in September 11th, 1847)

Here terminate the military exploits Pierce. We have scarched carefully the official despatches, and cannot find his name connected with any other battle during the war. At Chapultepec he was not present, and his brigade was commanded by Gen. Cadwallader. Having wor he resigned soon after the capture of the city of Mexico, and returned to his law office to Hampshire.

Conclusion. The active service of General Pieros said to have commenced with his manifely Vera Cruz, on the 10th of July, 1847, and to terminated at the time when he fainted at the field of Churubusco, (August 20th, 1847, combracing a period of forty days! Now may we not well exclaim "Oh fortunate, fortunate man Gen. Winfield Scott has been in the service for more than forty years; but the genius of General Franklin Pierce has won for him in forty days' service a military reputation which overshadows by far all the laurels of the hero of Lundy's Lane! Let us make the comparison of gallant deeds. It is unnecessary to detail the military services of Gen. Scott, familiar as they are to every cit-izen of the republic. But how insignificant do they appear when compared with the immortal deeds of Brigadier General Franklin Pierce! As

the latter are not so generally known, we will recapitulate-1. Gen. Pierce, with 2,500 Americans, defeat

ed 500 Mexicans at the National Bridge! 2. He would have been one of the heroes of Contreras-but his horse stumbled!

3. He would have been one of the heroes of Churubusco-but he fainted too soon ! 4. He would have been one of the heroes of Molino del Rey-but he got there too late!

MEXICANO.

From California, Society Islands, South America, and the Isthmus. The steamer Illinois, with Aspinwall dates of the 7th, and Havana dates of the 11th, arrived at New York yesterday evening. She brings the mails, three hundred and ninety passengers, \$1,649,000 in gold on freight, and \$500,000 in the hands of passengers. She brings San Francisco dates of the 18th, and the passengers, mails and treasure brought to Panama by the steamer California, which, with the Unicorn, were the only steamers in the port. The California brought down three hundred and fifteen passen-

gers. The Daniel Webster sailed from Aspinwall before the Illinois, for New York. A number of outward passengers were waiting at San Juan del Sud for the arrival of the propeller Pioneer to take them to San Francisco as the Pioneer has not been heard from since she left Rio Janeiro, their stay at San Juan was un-certain. The Panama railroad had been com-

pleted to the crossing of the river near Gorgona. The Illinois spoke the Empire City from New York for New Orleans at 9 o'clock p. m. on the 14th, and on the same night, at 11 o'clock, the United States sloop of war Albany, from Pensacola for Boston.

arrived at San Francisco on the 16th. olumbus, from Panama, arrived on the 17: News from the mines was favorable. An ex press at San Diego from the Gila reports the nurder of Col. Craigh, the Boundary Commis

sioner. A bloody rencontre took place in the court of sessions at Sacramento between Julge Wilson and John H. McKeene, backed by his friend Julge Caulfield. McKeene was stabbed with a sword cane by Judge Wilson, when Cautheld drew a revolver and fired at the Judge. The ball intend him, but hit a Mr. McDonald. The second took took effect on Judge Wilson, wounding him all the ly. McKeene is expected to re-

believed McDonald will die. The Whig State convention met at the F ciseo on the 14th ultimo, G. Needy dollars and

J. M. Huntington, of Tout mae. nated as candidate for supremental term; Stanton Buckner, a Vavada, for the short term. Geo. B. Tiugley as canta Carris and P. L. Edwards, of Sact allocate verter technique of Congress; and John C. Falls, of Vuln. and Havi Electors for the State at large. Society Islands .- Later news had been to

ceived at San Francisco from the Society Lorend The revolutionists had been entirely accordial having repulsed the royalists with and reinstated their President, street Comes hearing of the defeat of her troops went in per son to rally them, but they were again deceated and she was compelled to take refuge the board a French frigate, which arrived at Lahina

South America and the Iste rigate Raritan sailed on the 26th fro

for the Gallaposa Islands.

The British steamer Lima arrived at on the 3d from Valparaiso. She bring that the Peruvian Ministry has been c The new Cabinet were opposed to Florwould give him no protection. Flores has 950 men with him, but still maintains a menac. with number of troops, said to be Americans He had also received a remittance of \$30,000 was lying at Guayaquil on the 10th. The American chargé there had protested against her leaving, should Flores hold his present warlike attitude. Captain Dorin had concluded to await

Business at Valparaiso was brisk.

REMARKABLE CASE OF LONGEVITY .- An old ady named Mrs. McElroy is now living in this city, who will be 108 years old on the 26th inst. Twenty-one years ago she received what is termed second sight, and can now see as clearly and distinctly as ever. She does all her housework; waits upon her youngest daughter, fifty-one years of age, who has been blind for three years past; and attends a store or shop they keep in the front room. She was married in 1790, when 46 years of age, and is the mother of seven children, three of whom are dead. She has distinct recollections of Gen. Washington and various scenes of the revolution. Her father, who was a German, lived to be 107 years old. She was born at Allentown, Pa. - Philadelphia Sun.

In New York city a subscription has been